Resilience

Reflective, Robust, Redundant, Flexible, Resourceful, Inclusive
The Recovery Continuum

**PREPAREDNESS**
- ONGOING

**SHORT-TERM**
- DAYS

**INTERMEDIATE**
- WEEKS-MONTHS

**LONG-TERM**
- MONTHS-YEARS

**NATIONAL RESPONSE FRAMEWORK (NRF)**

**NATIONAL DISASTER RECOVERY FRAMEWORK (NDRF)**

**SIZE AND SCOPE OF DISASTER AND RECOVERY EFFORTS**

**PRE-DISASTER PREPAREDNESS**
- Examples include:
  - Pre-disaster recovery planning
  - Mitigation planning and implementation
  - Community capacity and resilience-building
  - Conducting disaster preparedness exercises
  - Partnership building
  - Articulating protocols in disaster plans for services to meet the emotional and health care needs of adults and children

**SHORT-TERM RECOVERY**
- Examples include:
  - Mass Care/Sheltering
  - Provide integrated mass care and emergency services
  - Debris
  - Clear primary transportation routes
  - Business
  - Establish temporary or interim infrastructure to support business re-openings
  - Reestablish cash flow
  - Emotional/Psychological
  - Identify adults and children who benefit from counseling or behavioral health services and begin treatment
  - Public Health and Health Care
  - Provide emergency and temporary medical care and establish appropriate surveillance protocols
  - Mitigation Activities
  - Assess and understand risks and vulnerabilities

**INTERMEDIATE RECOVERY**
- Examples include:
  - Housing
  - Provide accessible interim housing solutions
  - Debris/Infrastructure
  - Initiate debris removal
  - Plan immediate infrastructure repair and restoration
  - Business
  - Support reestablishment of businesses where appropriate
  - Support the establishment of business recovery one-stop centers
  - Emotional/Psychological
  - Engage support networks for ongoing care
  - Public Health and Health Care
  - Ensure continuity of care through temporary facilities
  - Mitigation Activities
  - Inform community members of opportunities to build back stronger

**LONG-TERM RECOVERY**
- Examples include:
  - Housing
  - Develop permanent housing solutions
  - Infrastructure
  - Rebuild infrastructure to meet future community needs
  - Business
  - Implement economic revitalization strategies
  - Facilitate funding to business rebuilding
  - Emotional/Psychological
  - Follow-up for ongoing counseling, behavioral health, and case management services
  - Public Health and Health Care
  - Reestablishment of disrupted health care facilities
  - Mitigation Activities
  - Implement mitigation strategies
State Recovery Organization

Executive Policy Group
- Advises Governor to assist in prioritization of response and recovery actions.

Governor
- Ultimate authority for all state response and recovery activities.

DEM Chief
- Provides overarching direction for coordination of response and recovery activities.

State Disaster Recovery Coordinator (SDRC)

RSF Coordinating and Primary Agencies

State Agencies

Local and Tribal Recovery Organizations

Federal Recovery Organization
- Coordinates with state and federal counterparts.

Executive Policy Group
- Advises Governor.

DEM Chief
- Coordinates with federal partners to facilitate delivery of support to impacted communities.
Coordination

• The Chief of DEM serves as the **State Coordinating Officer** and facilitates recovery efforts across all state agencies

• The **State Disaster Recovery Coordinator** is designated to assist in oversight of recovery operations including oversight of activated Recovery Support Functions

• Recovery activities will be coordinated through the **State Emergency Operations Center**
State Recovery Staff

• Grants Recovery & Mitigation Manager

• State Recovery Officer-Recovery Program & staff development, disaster grants, training, outreach, TA for locals, SEOC-ESF 14 lead, NVDRF-RSF1 lead, implementation, local recovery planning TA, training & exercise.

• State Hazard Mitigation Officer-HM grants, planning, training, outreach, TA for locals.

• ESF 14-3, SRO, GR&M Manager, SHMO

• State PDA team members-3 + (2 PA & 2 IA)
PA Program Implementation

**Incident**

**Pre-Declaration**
- Preliminary Damage Assessment
- State/Territory/Tribe submits Declaration request (within 30 days of incident)
- Presidential Declaration

**Applicant Collaboration**
- Recipient conducts Applicant Briefings
- Applicants submit Requests for Public Assistance (within 30 days of Declaration)
- FEMA approves Applicant RPAs
- FEMA conducts Kickoff Meeting (within 21 days of RPA approval)

**Subaward Formulation**
- Applicant identifies and reports all damage (within 60 days of Kickoff Meeting)
- Develop project Scope of Work and costs
- FEMA and Recipient conduct Exit Briefing

**Subaward Funding**
- FEMA obligates funds to Recipient
- Subrecipient completes work and requests Closeout of its project(s)
- Recipient certifies completion (within 180 days of project completion) and FEMA closes project(s)
- FEMA closes the Subrecipient
- FEMA closes the Disaster PA Program Award
RSF Roles and Responsibilities

• DEM serves as a coordinating agency for all RSFs, providing support at the SEOC
• Each RSF has:
  – Primary agencies have statutory authority or established programs critical to the RSF. Also provide coordination and planning support.
  – Supporting agencies assist with specialized or targeted support.
  – Community partners are external to the state organization but key to RSF success
• Federal agencies are identified in the National Disaster Recovery Framework
Community Planning and Capacity Building

Primary Agency: Division of Emergency Management

• Help local communities develop recovery plans and procedures, specific to a local community’s needs. This process involves leadership identification, partnership-building, public engagement and resource coordination. Examples include:
  – Identify disaster impacts
  – Provide planning support
  – Promote an inclusive planning process